YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO BE FREE FROM JOB DISCRIMINATION AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT.



The Illinois Human Rights Act states that you have the right to be free from unlawful discrimination and sexual harassment. This means that employers may not treat people differently based on race, age, gender, pregnancy, disability, sexual orientation or any other protected class named in the Act. This applies to all employer actions, including hiring, promotion, discipline and discharge

REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS

You also have the right to reasonable accommodations based on pregnancy and disability. This means you can askforreasonable changes to your job if needed because you are pregnant or disabled.

RETALIATION

It is also unlawful for employers to treat people differently because they have reported discrimination, participated in an investigation, or helped others exercise their right to complain about discrimination

REPORT DISCRIMINATION

To report discrimination, you may:

- Contact your employer's human resources or personnel department.
- Contact the Illinois Department of Human Rights (IDHR) to file a charge.
- Call the Illinois Sexual Harassment and Discrimination Helpline at 1-877-236-7703 to talk to someone about your concerns.

555 W Monroe Street, 7th Floor Chicago, IL 60661 (866) 740-3953 (TTY) (312) 814-6251 (Fax)

Springfield: 524 S. 2nd St., Suite 300 Springfield, IL 62701 (217) 785-5100 (866) 740-3953 (TTY) (217) 785-5106 (Fax)

Website: dhr.illinois.gov Email: IDHR.Intake@illinois.gov

Employers shall make this poster available and display it where employees can readily see it. This notice is available for download at: www.illinois.gov/dhr

YOUR RIGHTS UNDER THE ILLINOIS **SERVICE MEMBER EMPLOYMENT &** REEMPLOYMENT RIGHTS ACT (330 ILCS 61)



ISERRA (Illinois version of USERRA) protects the employment and benefits of service members who leave their civilian employment to serve our Nation or State

In order to protect the common public interest in military service, it is the role of the Illinois Attorney General to promote awareness and ensure compliance with ISERRA by providing information, training, advocacy, and enforcement

WHO IS PROTECTED?

- All members of the Armed Forces of the United States whether active duty or reserve, including the
- National Guard when performing State duty.
 All members of Military Auxiliary Radio System, United States Coast Guard Reserve, Civil Air Patrol, and the Merchant Marines when performing official duties in support of an emergency
- Members who are released from military duty with follow-on care by the Department of Defe

WHAT ARE THE RIGHTS, BENEFITS AND OBLIGATIONS UNDER ISERRA?

ISERRA provides the same protections as USERRA (i.e., reemployment, benefits and discrimination) but expands protections to persons identified above and incorporates existing benefits to service members who are public employees. Because ISERRA represents the minimum employer requirements, employers maintain the right to provide greater benefits at their discretion.

The ISERRA Advocate is an Assistant Attorney General appointed by the Illinois Attorney General to provide both advocacy and enforcement under ISERRA.

WHERE TO FIND MORE INFORMATION?

Both service members and employers can find more information on the Attorney General's ISERRA Advocate webpage at www.illinoisattorneygeneral.gov/rights/veterans.html or call the Military & Veterans Rights Helpline at 1-800-382-3000 to ask questions or request training.



This notice is available for download on the Attorney General's website by going to www.illinoisattorneygeneral.gov/rights/veterans.html. Employers are required to provide employees entitled to rights and benefits under ISERAA a notice of the rights, benefits, and obligations of service member employees. This requirement may be met by the posting of this notice where employers customarily place notices for employees. ISERAR is codified as Public Act 100-1101 and can be found at www.ilga.gov/legislation/publicacts/100/PDF/100-1101.pdf.



UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

Illinois Department of Employment Security

to workers about Unemployment Insurance Benefits

THE POSTING OF THIS NOTICE IS REQUIRED BY THE ILLINOIS UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT

This year between:

Unemployment Insurance Act provides for the payment of benefits a unemployed workers and for the collection of employer as from liable employers to the collection of employer and the collection of employer and the collection of employers are considered. nemployed workers and for the collection of employer rom liable employers. It is designed to provide living expenses ployment is sought. Claims should be filed as soon as possible tion from employment. Claims can be filed online at **Illinois.gov** or at the nearest Illinois Department of excurity office to the worker's home. To be eligible for benefits, and individual must be available for work, able to work and

retipolyer stati claster the pamphate. York clery vivotres should know ut Uhamployment Insurance. To each worker separated from employment on expected duration of seven or more days. The pamphlet shall be versed to the worker at the time of separation or, if delivery is racticable, mailed within five days after the date of the separation to the ker's last known address. Pamphlets shall be supplied by the Illinois artiment of Employment Security to each employer without cast.

, during a calendar week an employee does not work full-time because of ckc of work, he or she may be eligible for partial benefits if the wages ramed in such calendar week are less than his or her weekly benefit amount, or any such week, employers should provide employees with a statement of low earnings." which should be taken to their Illinois Department of

rpose.

sloyment insurance information is available from any Illinois Department of superstream of the control of the control

Every claimant who files a new claim for unemployment insurance benefits must serve an unpaid waiting week for which he has filed and is otherwise eligible.

owerge weekly wage. The worker's owerge weekly wage is computed by hirding the wages poid during the two highest quarters of the base period by 26. The maximum weekly benefit amount is a percentage of the statewise leaves weekly wage. The minimum weekly benefit amount is \$51. The characteristic weekly wage is calculated each year.

April 1 and June 30 This year betw April 1 and Dec. 31 and this year between Jan. 1 and March 31 Last year between: July 1 and Dec. 31 and this year between Jan. 1 and June 30

Last year between:

In order to be monetarily eligible, a claimant must be paid a minimum of \$1,600 during the base period with at least \$440 of that amount being paid outside the highest calendar quarter.

REPORTING TIPS

Each employee who reactives lips must report these lips to employers on a written statement or on Form UC-51. "Employee's Report of Tips," in duplicate. Employers can furnish this form on request. The report shall be submitted on the day the vages are paid, or not later than the nead payday, and shall include the amount of tips received during the pay period.

TAXATION OF BENEFITS

Unemployment insurance benefits are toxable if you are required to file a state or federal income tax return. You may choose to have federal and/or Illinois state income tax withheld from your weekly benefits. Since benefits not subject to monadatory income tax withholding, if you do not choose to withhold, you may be required to make estimated tax payments using Internal Revenue Service Form IL 1040 ES.

For additional information, call these toll-free numbers: Internal Revenue Service 1-800-829-1040.

Illinois Department of Revenue 1-800-732-8866.

This poster fulfills all posting requirements for the Illinois Department of Employment Security. EMPLOYERS ARE REQUIRED TO POST THIS NOTICE IN A CONSPICUOUS PLACE FOR ALL EMPLOYEES.

VESSA ACT

Department of Labor DOL State of Illinois * * * * * Victims' Economic Security and Safety Act (VESSA)

Required Posting for Employers

A provides employees who are victims of domestic violence, exaual violence, on any other crime of violence, a yees who have a family or household member who is a victim of such violence, with unpaid, job-guaranteed leave; reasonabl imodations, and protections from discrimination and retaliation.

This time may be used if the employee or the employees family or household member is:

• experiencing an incident of domestic violence, sexual violence, gender violence, or any other crime of violence

• is recovering from the violence;

• is seeking or receiving medical help, legal assistance (including participation in legal proceedings), counseling, safety planning, or other assistance;

to take other actions to increase the safety of the victim from future domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence, or to ensure economic security.

reasonable period or unler atter use absence.

ECRIFICATION – An employer may require the employee to provide certification of the domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence, and that leave is to address the violence. Certification may include a sworm statement of the employee and other documentation such as a letter from a victims' services organization, a court record, or any other corroborative vielence, but only if that documentation is in the possession of the employee. The employee may choose which documentation is obtained. The employer may not require more than one document related to the same incident or perpetrator of violence in one year. All information related to domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence, is to be kept in the strictest confidence by the employer.

DURATION OF LEAVE – VESSA provides that employees working for an employer with at least 1 employee, but no more than 14 employees, are entitled to a total of 4 workweeks of unpaid leave during any 12-month period. Employees working for an employer with at least 15, but no more than 49 employees, are entitled to a total of 8 workweeks of unpaid leave during any 12-month period. And employees working for an employer with at least 50 employees are entitled to a total of 12 workweeks of unpaid leave during any 12-month period.

Leave permitted during a 12-month period under the act based on number of en 15-49 employees

For information on filing a complaint please call: 312-793-6797 or visit the website: https://www2.illinois.gov/idol/Laws-Rules/CONMED/Pages/vessa.aspx CCOMMODATIONS – VESSA provides that employees are entitled to reasonable accommodations to address the needs of the victim(s). ccommodations include, but are not limited to, an adjustment to the job structure, workplace facility, work requirements, or telephon

number, seating assignment, or physical security of the work area DISCRIMINATION AND RETALIATION – VESSA prohibits employers from discriminating, retaliating, or otherwise treating ob applicant unfavorably if the individual involved:

• Is or is perceived to be a victim of domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence;

• Attended, participated in, prepared for, or requested leave to attend, participate in, or prepare for a criminal or civil court or administrative proceeding relating to domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence;

• Requested or took VESSA leave for any reason;

Requested an accommodation, regardless of whether the accommodation was granted

• The workplace is disrupted or threatened by the action of a person whom the individual states has committed or threatened to commit domestic, sexual, or gender violence, or any other crime of violence, against the individual or the individual's family or

Exercised any other rights under VESSA.

labor.illinois.gov • DOL.Questions@Illinois.gov Lincoln Tower Plaza 524 South 2nd Street, Suite 400 Michael A Bilandic Building Regional Office Building 160 North LaSalle, Suite C-1300 Regional Office Building 2309 West Main Street, Suite 115 Springfield, Illinois 62701

Chicago, Illinois 60601-3150

Fax: (312) 793-5257 Fax: (618) 993-7258

MINIMUM WAGE

Your Rights Under Illinois Employment Laws

Effective Jan. 1, 2024 \$14.00 Effective Jan. 1, 2025 \$15.00

- Coverage: Applies to employers with 4 or more employees. Domestic workers are covered even if the employer only has 1 worker. Certain workers are not covered by the Minimum Wage Law and some workers may be paid less than the minimum wage under limited conditions. For more information, visit our website. (See wage increases schedule above.) • Tinned Employees: Must be paid at least 60% of the applicable minimum wage. If an employee's
- tips combined with the wages from the employer do not equal the minimum wage, the employer must make up the difference.
- Overtime: Most hourly employees and some salaried employees are covered by the overtime law and must be compensated at time and one-half of their regular pay for hours worked over 40 in a

Unpaid Wages Hotline: 1-312-793-2808 Wage Payment and Collection Act

- Employees must receive their final compensation, including earned wages, vacation pay, commissions and bonuses on their next regularly scheduled payday.
- Unauthorized deductions from paychecks are not allowed except as specified by law. Employers must reimburse employees for all necessary expenditures or losses incurred by an
- employee during the scope of employment and related to services performed for the employer. Employee must submit reimbursement request within 30 calendar days unless an employer policy allows for additional time to submit.

Meal and Rest Periods Hotline: 1-312-793-2804 One Day Rest in Seven Act

- Provides employees with 24 consecutive hours of rest within every seven (7) consecutive day period. Employers may obtain permits from the Department allowing employees to voluntarily work
- seven consecutive days. Employees working 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ continuous hours must be allowed a meal period of at least 20 minutes no
- later than 5 hours after the start of work, and an additional 20 minutes if working a 12 hour shift
- Employees must be afforded reasonable bathroom breaks.

Fax: (217) 782-0596

- work, unless such wage differences are based upon a seniority system, a merit system, or factors
- Employers and employment agencies are banned from asking applicants past wage and
- Employees may disclose or discuss their own salaries, benefits, and other compensation with their co-workers and colleagues.
- Employers are not allowed to pay less to African American employees versus a non-African American employees.
- Certain employees at large businesses may request wage/salary history for their job title from IDOL.

Violent Crime Victims' Leave

Hotline: 1-866-372-4365

Provides employees who are victims of domestic, gender, or sexual violence, or other crimes of violence, or who have family members who are victims with up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave during a

Child Labor Hotline: 1-800-645-5784

Workers under Age 16

- Children under the age of 14 may not work in most jobs, except under limited conditions. • 14 and 15-year-olds may work if the following requirements are met:
- Employment certificates have been issued by the school district and filed with the Department of Labor confirming that a minor is old enough to work, physically capable to perform the job, and
- that the job will not interfere with the minor's education: • The work is not deemed a hazardous occupation (a full listing can be found on our website); • Work is limited to 3 hours per day on school days, 8 hours per day on non-school days and no
- more than 6 days or 48 hours per week: • Work is performed only between the hours of 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. during the school year
- (7 a.m. to 9 p.m. June through September); and
- A 30-minute meal period is provided no later than the fifth hour of work.

This is a summary of laws that satisfies Illinois Department of Labor posting requirements. For a complete text of the laws, visit our website at: www.labor.illinois.gov

For more information or to file a complaint, contact us at: 524 South 2nd St, Suite 400, Springfield, IL 62701 • Springfield 217-782-6206

160 N. LaSalle, St, Suite C-1300, Chicago, IL 60601 • Chicago 312-793-2800 • Marion 618-993-7090 THIS POSTER MUST BE DISPLAYED WHERE EMPLOYEES CAN EASILY SEE IT.

Printed by the Authority of the State of Illinois. IL452-01/23 23-0625 (9-2)

Printed by the Authority of the State of Illinois . IDHR ENG . web . (02/23).

ILLINOIS LABOR LAW POSTINGS



PAYDAY NOTICE

Notice of Paydays ATTENTION EMPLOYEES

Regular Paydays for Employees of (FIRM NAME) (DAY OF WEEK/ BIWEEKLY/MONTHLY, ETC.) Paychecks will be distributed at (TIME) (ADDRESS)

> In accordance with 820 ILCS 115/10. Please post in a conspicuous place. **WORKERS' COMPENSATION**

WORKERS' COMPENSATION



is a system of benefits provided by law to most workers who have job-related injuries or illnesses. Benefits are paid for injuries that are caused, in whole or in part, by an employee's work. This may include the aggravation of a pre-existing condition, injuries brought on by the repetitive use of a part of the body, heart attacks, or any other physical problem caused by work. Benefits are paid regardless of fault.

- IF YOU HAVE A WORK-RELATED INJURY OR ILLNESS, TAKE THE FOLLOWING STEPS: GET MEDICAL ASSISTANCE. By law, your employer must pay for all necessary medical services required to cure
 or relieve the effects of the injury or illness. Where necessary, the employer must also pay for physical, mental, or
 vocational rehabilitation, within prescribed limits. The employee may choose two physicians, surgeon, fon spiritals. If
 the employer notifies you that it has an approved Preferred Provider Program for workers' compensation, the PPP counts
- as one of your two choices of providers. NOTIFY YOUR EMPLOYER. You must notify your employer of the accidental injury or illness within 45 days, either orally or in writing. To avoid possible delays, it is recommended the notice also include your name, address, telephone number, Social Security number, and a brief description of the injury or illness.
- 3. LEARN YOUR RIGHTS. Your employer is required by law to report accidents that result in more than three lost work days to the Workers' Compensation Commission. Once the accident is reported, you should receive a handbook that explains the law, benefits, and procedures. If you need a handbook, please call the Commission or go to the Web site. If you must lose time from work to recover from the injury or illness, you may be entitled to receive weekly payments and

It is against the law for an employer to harass, discharge, refuse to rehire or in any way discriminate against an emplo for exercising his or her rights under the Workers' Compensation or Occupational Diseases Acts. If you file a fraudu claim, you may be penalized under the law. KEEP WITHIN THE TIME LIMITS. Generally, claims must be filed within three years of the injury or disablement from an occupational disease, or within two years of the last workers' compensation payment, whichever is later. Claims for pneumoconiosis, radiological exposure, asbestosis, or similar diseases have special requirements.

necessary medical care until you are able to return to work that is reasonably available to you.

Injured workers have the right to reopen their case within 30 months after an award is made if the disability increases, but cases that are resolved by a lump-sum settlement contract approved by the Commission cannot be reopened. Only settlements approved by the Commission are binding. For more information, go to the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission's Web site or call any office: BY LAW, EMPLOYERS MUST DISPLAY THIS NOTICE IN A PROMINENT PLACE

IN EACH WORKPLACE AND COMPLETE THE INFORMATION BELOW

PREGNANCY RIGHTS

compensation claims Effective date

Policy number

State of Illinois

Department of Human Rights



PREGNANCY and your **RIGHTS** in the WORKPLACE

Are you pregnant, recovering from childbirth, or do you have a medical or common condition related to pregnancy?

• Continue working during your pregnancy if a reasonable accommodation is available which would allow you to

If so, you have the right to: Ask your employer for a reasonable accommodation for your pregnancy, such as more frequent bathroom breaks, assistance with heavy work, a private space for expressing milk, or time off to recover from your pregnancy.

continue performing your job. Your employer cannot:

 Discriminate against you because of your pregnancy. Retaliate against you because you requested a reasonable accommodation.

 $\bullet \ \ \text{Reject an unsolicited accommodation offered by your employer for your pregnancy}.$

It is illegal for your employer to fire you, refuse to hire you or to refuse to provide you with a reasonable accommodation because of your pregnancy. For more information regarding your rights, download the Illinois Department of Human Rights' fact sheet from our website at dhr.illinois.gov

Es ilegal que su empleador la despida, se niegue a contratarla o a proporcionarle una adaptación razonable a causa de su embarazo. Para obtener información sobre el embarazo y sus derechos en el lugar de trabajo en español, visit

Human Rights

For immediate help or if you have questions, call

INOIS DEPARTMENT OF

Call (312) 814-6200 or (217) 785-5100 or (866) 740-3953 (TTY) CHICAGO

SPRINGFIELD 524 S 2nd Street, Suite 300 Intake Unit Springfield, IL 62701 • (217) 785-5100 555 W Monroe St., Suite 700 Intake Unit Chicago, IL 60661 • (312) 814-6200 Learn more, contact IDHR, or initiate a charge at: https://dhr.illinois.gov

State of Illinois

Minimum Wage \$13.00 per hour (Effective Jan. 1, 2023) | Equal Pay Act Hotline: 1-866-372-4365